

ELECTIONS IN MANY STATES NOV. 8

Woman's Suffrage, Prohibition and Numerous Other Questions Are Up.

CONSTITUTIONS TO BE AMENDED

Washington, D. C., Oct. 31.—Election of state officers, judges of the supreme court, railroad commissioner, etc., will be held in 38 states on Tuesday, November 8. Maine, Vermont, Arkansas, and Georgia have held their state elections, but the two latter states will, a week from tomorrow, elect representatives in congress, Maryland, Mississippi, Virginia and West Virginia, likewise will elect congressmen. Maine and Vermont have already chosen their congressmen and state officers. In 25 of the states, governors and full state tickets are to be elected. In 9 others, justices of the supreme court and minor officials are to be chosen, while in Indiana state officers, except governor, will be elected.

A number of the states will elect members of the legislature. The terms of 26 United States senators expire March 3, 1911. The legislatures of Alabama, Maryland and Vermont have elected their senators.

This 62nd congress will be elected. South Carolina and Louisiana have each but one ticket—the Democratic.

Prohibitionists Active.
The Prohibition party has tickets in 27 states; the Socialists in 34, the Socialist Labor in 8. The Independence League has a full state ticket in New York; the Keystone and the Industrial party each have a ticket in Pennsylvania; the People's Independent (Populist) has one in Nebraska, and the American party (anti-Mormon) one in Utah.

The number of tickets in the various states is: 1. South Carolina and Louisiana; 2. Florida, Kentucky and North Carolina; 3. Idaho, Nevada, Washington and Wyoming; 4. Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee and Wisconsin; 5. Illinois, Minnesota, Michigan, Missouri, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Utah and Wisconsin.

Socialists in Field.
Socialists have tickets in Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Utah and Wisconsin.

(Continued on Page Two.)

OREGON VOTES ON 32 NEW MEASURES

People of State Must Be Familiar With Over Fifty Columns of New Laws.

JUST LOOK; SEE WHAT THEY COVER

Portland, Ore., Oct. 31.—Oregon will vote on more questions next Tuesday than any other state in the union. Oregon has the initiative and referendum, and by the plan in practice, a proposed law may be submitted under the initiative system, regardless of whether it has first been submitted to the legislature or not. As a result, the people of the state are called upon at the coming election to express themselves upon 59 columns of reading matter—for that is the exact length of the 32 laws now before the people for action and with which all voters are expected to be familiar.

Woman's Suffrage.
Among the measures submitted for action of the people is one giving every taxpayer the right to vote, regardless of sex.

Another calls for a new constitutional convention if the people vote for the measure.

Another measure directs that the state be divided into districts for the construction of railroads, to be owned and operated by the state.

Six other measures create new counties and two annex additional land to counties now in existence.

Three measures provide for a specified amount for maintaining the normal schools instead of annual appropriations of no fixed amount as at present.

Several of the laws relate to taxes, one of them providing that counties may regulate their own assessments, regardless of the state.

To Regulate Liquor.
Another proposition is to give towns and cities exclusive privilege over the regulation and control of the sale of liquor. Another measure prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors in the state. Still another measure would prevent the manufacture of malt or vinous liquors in the state and make it a penalty to sell or give them away.

One measure would extend the direct primary law to presidential elections. Another measure proposes a "board of people's inspection" the board to have the power to investigate any state officer's books and to print the result of its investigations and distribute same at state expense, under the direction of the state printer.

To Abolish Veto Power.
Still another measure wants to abolish the veto power of all executive officers and prevent the legislature passing any emergency laws; providing for annual sessions of the legislature; the election of presiding officers of the two houses outside of the membership of those bodies; and restricting the term of all corporate franchises to 20 years.

Another measure would give eight

(Continued on Page Two.)

RAPID WORK OF SANTA FE DELEGATES

Spirited Debate and Some Charges Mark Sessions of Constitutional Convention

EASIER SAILING IS NOW IN SIGHT

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 31.—The opening of the fifth week of the New Mexico constitutional convention here today found the work of that body well advanced. It is now predicted that the constitution will be written by Nov. 15, and will be ratified at the polls and be ready to be submitted to congress by February.

The convention did not reconvene today until late this afternoon, the program being to take up the bill of rights, but there is an inkling that the militia warrant issue will be brought up again. Since the settlement of the direct legislation controversy by the incorporation of the referendum and the exclusion of the initiative, it is believed no further serious obstacles will be encountered.

Changing Governments.
The convention Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock adopted the article on schedules of 21 sections providing for the transition from the territorial form of government to the state government. A bitter debate was caused by an amendment invalidating a million dollars of territorial militia warrants. The amendment was adopted in such a form as to prevent future legislatures from validating any illegal territorial indebtedness.

H. B. Fergusson, leader of the minority, stated that he had been informed by what he considered reliable authority that an effort was being made in one of the committees to secure a report that the state assume all indebtedness, legal and illegal, and including an issue of militia warrants made 40 years ago that is invalid.

Spies Gets Angry.
Charles A. Spiess, president of the convention, retorted that not a single delegate and not one committee of the convention would favor for one moment the validation of the militia warrant; that he had become tired of the innuendoes and insinuations of Fergusson and dared him to specify a single member of any committee who had made a proposition to validate these warrants, an action which under the enabling act, could not be taken anyway. He added that if these innuendoes were repeated he would have them made a matter of record and would move for the expulsion of the member who made them without being able to prove them.

Fergusson defied the Republican majority to expel him but admitted that he had been misinformed. A spirited debate regarding the militia warrants followed and resulted in an amendment by Charles A. Spiess, E. A. Miera, and Malaguis Martinez, which was adopted, prohibiting any state legislature from validating any indebtedness, including the militia warrants.

The other amendment added applies the election laws of 1905 to the elections to ratify the constitution and for state officers, so that the minority would have representation on the election board. The debate on this amendment, which was adopted, brought out a statement from the Democrats, that they do not have any intention at present of opposing the approval of the constitution.

Ugly Words Used.
"Liar," "dirty fixer," and other choice epithets were hurled through the air as the delegates, crabbled from the vigils of a 14 hour session, finally put through the 45 sections of the article on legislative department, just as they had been formulated by the Republican majority of the committee. There was not a single defection from the Republican ranks, although the Democrats had expected insurrection on the initiative, which was finally buried by a strict party vote.

The debate did not confine itself to this subject but local as well as national records of both parties were reviewed. The race question was injected early in the session and led to many bitter accusations and recriminations. The Spanish speaking members voted solidly with the Republicans on every issue. It was during a passage between A. B. Fall, the Republican floor leader, and J. H. Crist, a Democratic orator, that the short and ugly epithets were used and each charged the other with crimes that caused Crist to threaten a criminal libel suit.

Charles A. Spiess, convention president, predicts that the convention will finish its work by Nov. 12, as it is believed that future debate will be much curtailed. All the committees are practically ready to make their final reports.

BRAKEMAN CUTS CONDUCTOR.
Greenville, Tex., Oct. 31.—Conductor Fred Loe, of the Shreveport branch of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad, was attacked and seriously slashed by brakeman James H. Corbett near Picton this morning. Corbett was jailed at Sulphur Springs, Tex. Loe was cut on the face, neck and arms. Both live here.

ARMJO SAYS TEXAS MAY HOWL, BUT IT WILL HAVE TO SURRENDER LAND

Santa Fe, Oct. 29, 1910.
Editor El Paso Herald:

I have noticed the many articles in many of the newspapers, both in the great state of Texas, and last, but not least, the greatest state-to-be in the union—New Mexico, apropos boundaries. As chairman on preamble and boundaries, it necessarily became my duty to "bound" the territory of New Mexico, and I did. The boundary of New Mexico as submitted to the constitutional convention, and adopted, is correct. Texas can look at it any way it wishes; it may laugh at the idea—but Texas better get ready to either move from the strip or come through with \$12,000,000.

The strip added to New Mexico by my method of "bounding" only adds 600,000 acres of land and that land is only worth \$20 and \$25 per acre.

Texas admits the 103 parallel as correct. If she does, she has no case.

I assure you and the people of the great state of Texas, and for once set Texas right on "boundaries."

In the meantime, just get Texas ready to do the sensible thing, and let us raise the pile of money and the interest thereon, or else surrender 600,000 acres of the best on earth, or \$20 per acre.

There is no politics in this—just come to hard pan and deny the 103rd meridian, is not correct. If it is correct, we will proceed to claim all on this side of it, and hold and stick to it.

Isidoro Armijo,
Chairman Delegation Dona Ana County.

the date of settling the suit in the courts.

I am gathering some data which I will send you as soon as I receive same from Washington, which if used in the columns of your paper will open the eyes of all Texans, and for once set Texas right on "boundaries."

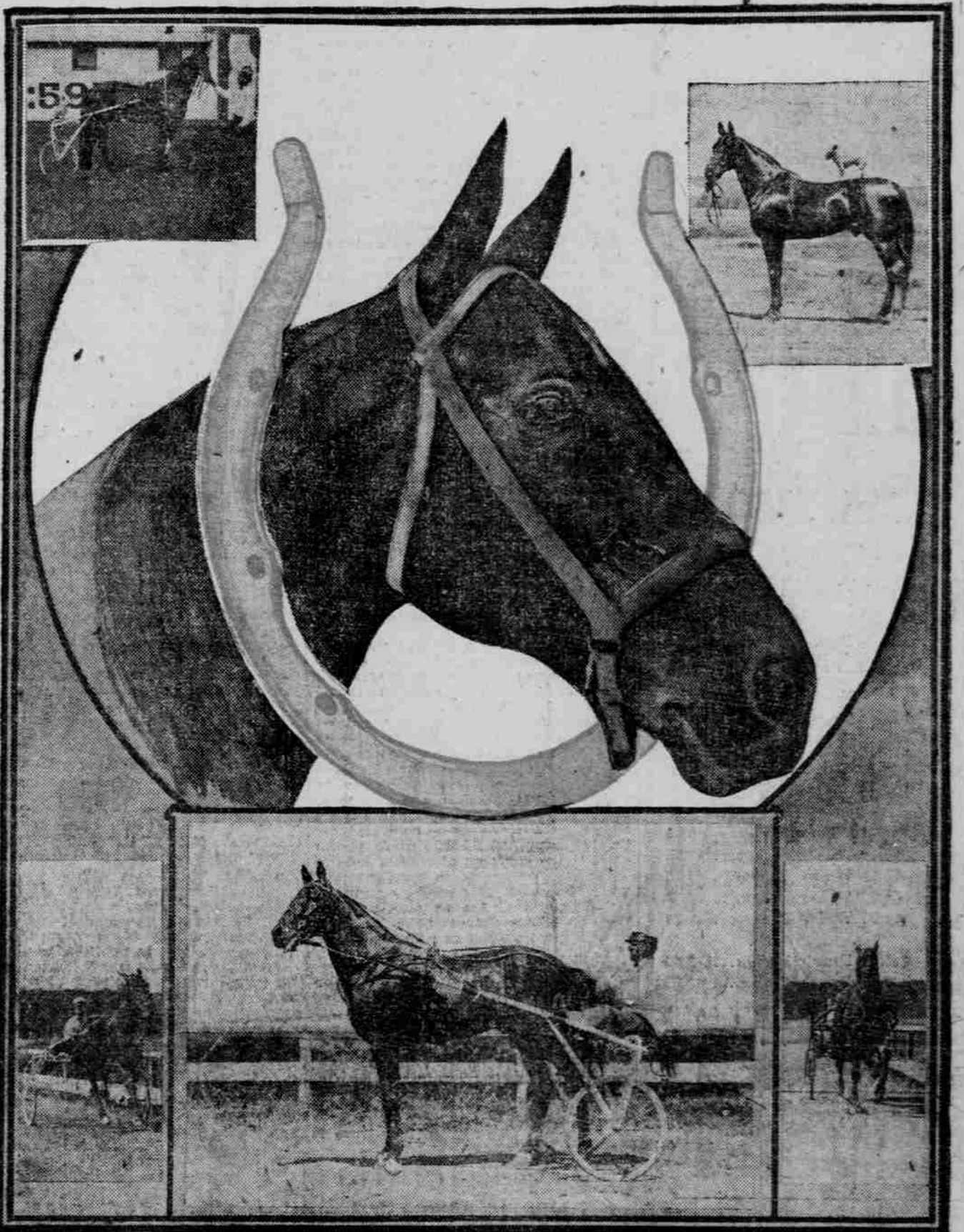
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FREE FIREWORKS AT FAIR TUESDAY

World's Fastest Pacers To Try
To Lower Records On Park Track



Dan Patch and company, the most famous troupe of horses that ever toured the country or appeared on any one track at any one time, are expected to arrive in El Paso Wednesday morning. The Dan Patch private car in reported to have left New Orleans on the Sunset limited, Monday noon and if it comes through without mishap the horses will be on the local fair grounds in plenty of time to rest and be prepared for their world record breaking efforts next Friday.

The famous Savage stable is now treated like ordinary race horses. In the first place they are not ordinary race horses, being the five fastest in the world. In the second place, owner M. W. Savage insists that each of his horses gets every comfort and luxury

that brains can suggest, or money secure. Each horse has two caretakers and each has his special trappings, blankets, harnesses, boots, feed boxes, water buckets, sulkies, carts, etc.

On the various fair grounds where the horses appear they are always given specially prepared quarters. M. E. Harrison, representing Mr. Savage, is now in El Paso and has been attending to the final arrangements for the reception and quartering of the great pacers at the El Paso fair. Special stalls are being fitted up for Minor Heir, Hedgewood Boy, Lady Maud C. and George Gano, and it is planned to build an exhibition stall in a tent for the champion of champions, Dan Patch.

None of these great horses have ever been in El Paso before. Dan Patch and Minor Heir went through here last fall

on their way to Phoenix, but the other three are making their first western trip. Before the beginning of this season each of these pacers had won a title to fame and, since the 11th of last August, each has given additional proof of class and has won new honors. To every horseman and horse lover in this section of the country, Friday's exhibitions and great race will be a treat of rare quality.

The Savage combination of pacers has been breaking records this season with a frequency that has set the sporting world talking. So far these four speed merchants have lowered a world's record seven times and have captured 10 state records. They have lowered the race record of every track over which they have started this year. El Paso is the next.

DIRECT VOTE FOR ARIZONA SENATORS

Fight In Convention Over Making It Applicable at First Election.

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 31.—The constitutional convention today by a large majority voted in favor of providing for direct primary and advisory vote on United States senators, and instructed, the election committee to draft such provisions.

The question as to whether the convention had the right under the enabling act to provide for an advisory vote at the first state election caused a spirited debate, Republicans opposing it on the ground that it would jeopardize the admission of the state into the union.

Among the propositions introduced today was one compelling employing companies to have semi-monthly pay days.

"DAVY CROCKETT" TRAIN IS WRECKED

One Man Killed and One Injured When Bridge Collapses.

Yoakum, Texas, Oct. 31.—W. H. Worlitz of San Antonio was instantly killed and a baggage man was seriously injured at 2:30 this morning, when the "Davy Crockett" train of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railroad was wrecked near Yoakum. A bridge gave way, hurling the entire train except the Pullman sleeper, into a ditch.

All of the passengers miraculously escaped death, only a few being slightly injured.

J. W. Williams, of San Antonio, was the express messenger who was fatally injured. It is reported that a broken rail caused the train to crash through the bridge. The accident occurred 13 miles north of here, the train being east bound.

THE NEW CENSUS GIVES CHIHUAHUA 39,061 SOULS.

Chihuahua, Mexico, Oct. 31.—The population of the city of Chihuahua from the reports of the census just completed is given as 39,061, as against 20,405-10 years ago.

This does not include the suburban towns of Nombrie de Dios, Tabalana and the American Smelting and Refining company.

(Continued on Page Nine.)

NO RECLAMATION AID FOR STATE OF TEXAS

Commissioner of agriculture Ed R. Kone, who is in El Paso attending the fair, today received a letter from secretary of the Interior R. S. Ballinger, saying that there is no fund that can be used for reclamation work along the Nueces river.

The river has a large volume of water but sinks into the bed.

Judge Kone told Ballinger that a concrete channel half a mile long would result in carrying the full volume of water on the surface to the gulf.

The appropriation is only for federal lands and Texas has none, all being reserve by the state.

MORE TEAMSTERS ON STRIKE

New York, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The International Brotherhood of Teamsters today called out between 1500 and 1800 drivers and helpers employed by the Boston Dispatch, a subsidiary of the Adams Express company, Monahan's Express company and the Manhattan Delivery company.

No rioting was reported during the morning.

Waybill clerks of the American Express, who have no organization and no special grievances of their own, this morning decided to go out on a sympathy strike this afternoon.

CHINA MAY GET A PARLIAMENT SHORTLY

Peking, China, Oct. 31.—It is believed the throne has decided to accede to the demand of the senate and provincial delegates for an early convening of a popular parliament.

In the senate today and in the presence of the grand councillors, prince Yu Lung, a member of the grand council, stated that the entire nation was agreed upon the necessity of the early establishment of a general parliament.

The program fixed by the late dowager empress provided for a general representative body to be known as an imperial parliament in 1915, at the end of a nine year period of preparation.

The importance of today's concession therefore can scarcely be overestimated.

AMERICAN WINS FLIGHT TO LIBERTY STATUE

Belmont, Park, N. Y., Oct. 31.—John B. Moisant, an American aviator, was today hailed as the winner of the great flight yesterday to the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor and return for the \$10,000 prize offered by Thomas F. Ryan, one of the most thrilling races in the history of aviation. He defeated count de Lesseps, the Frenchman, and Claude Grahame-White, the English winner of the James Gordon Bennett cup on Saturday.

The Aero club ruled that the meeting for originally scheduled last yesterday, so no further competition is possible.

Today's program was full of special prize events, including the Aero club distance contest, altitude contest and a grand contest to take place late this afternoon, the latter between Grahame-White, the fastest of the monoplanists, and McCurdy, the speediest of biplanists.

Very little breeze was stirring this morning, but the weather was the coldest of the meeting.

Claude Grahame-White said today that he would issue an official challenge to Moisant and put up a purse of \$10,000 for another flight around the Statue of Liberty or over any other course Moisant might choose.

FILIPINOS KILL CHRISTIANS

Washington, D. C., Oct. 31.—Eight Christians, one an American and two Chinese, have been killed and much property belonging to foreigners destroyed by rebellious Manobo tribesmen in the Philippines, according to a report from Brig. Gen. J. J. Pershing to the war department today.

For a week or more, two bands of about 100 Manobos have been terrorizing the people on the west coast of Davao, southeastern Mindanao Island. Their raids have been directed against the foreign element.

Three companies of the third infantry have been sent to suppress the disorder. Gen. Pershing does not regard the situation as serious.

Labor troubles are believed by the war department to be responsible for the uprising. The Manobos are of the lowest type of Filipinos, it is said. They are indolent and resent any effort to compel them to work.